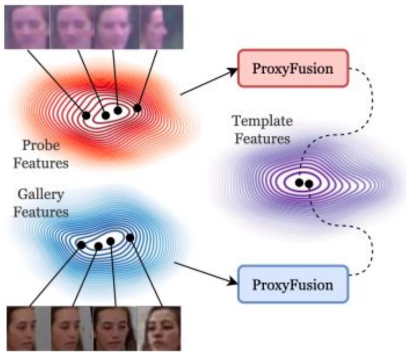
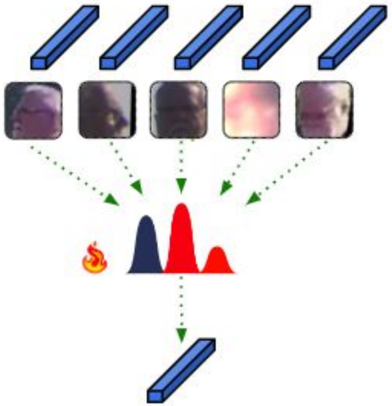
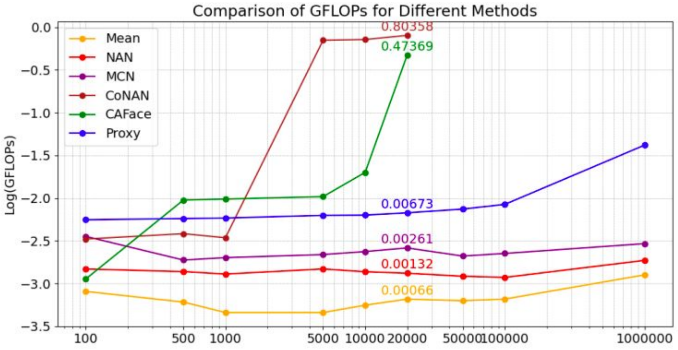
ProxyFusion

Face Feature Aggregation Through Sparse Experts

NeurIPS 2024







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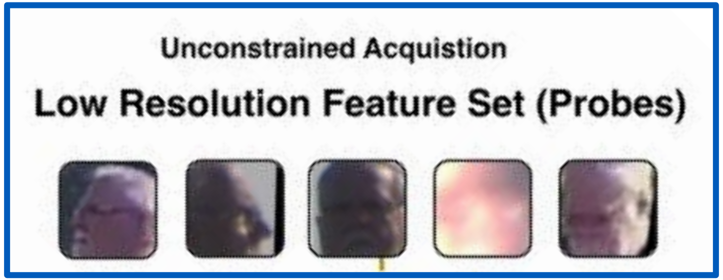
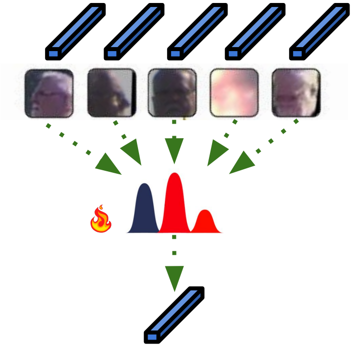
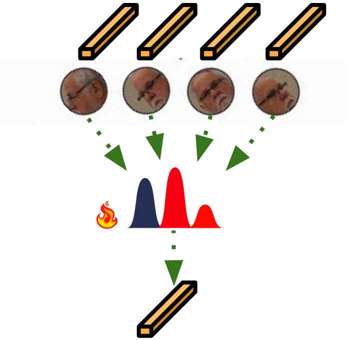
Face Feature Aggregation

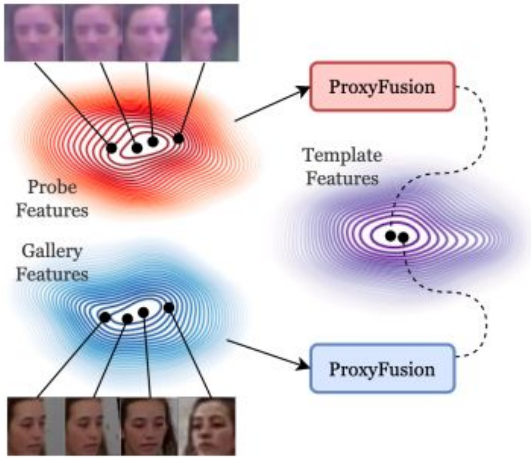
Given a bunch of face features, how do you decide effective weightages (informativeness) to fuse these features for robust long range face recognition?







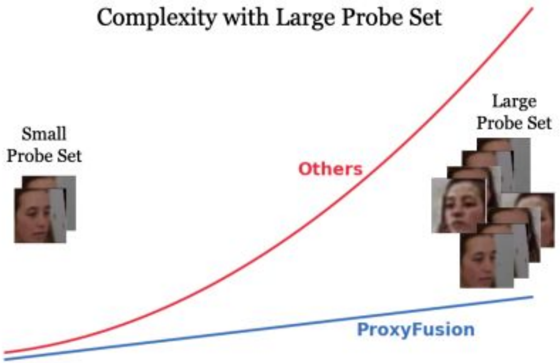
ProxyFusion



Cross-Distribution Matching

	Linear Complexity	Compatible with Legacy Templates	Cross-Domain Matching
Recurrent Methods [e.g. MARN]	✓	✗	✗
Intra-set Attention [e.g. CoNAN, RSA]	✗	✓	✓
Style Based Methods [e.g. CAFace, PFE]	✗	✗	✓
Metadata Approaches [e.g. TADPool, MFAN]	✗	✗	✗
ProxyFusion (Ours)	✓	✓	✓

Compatibility To Legacy Templates



Time Complexity

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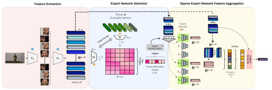
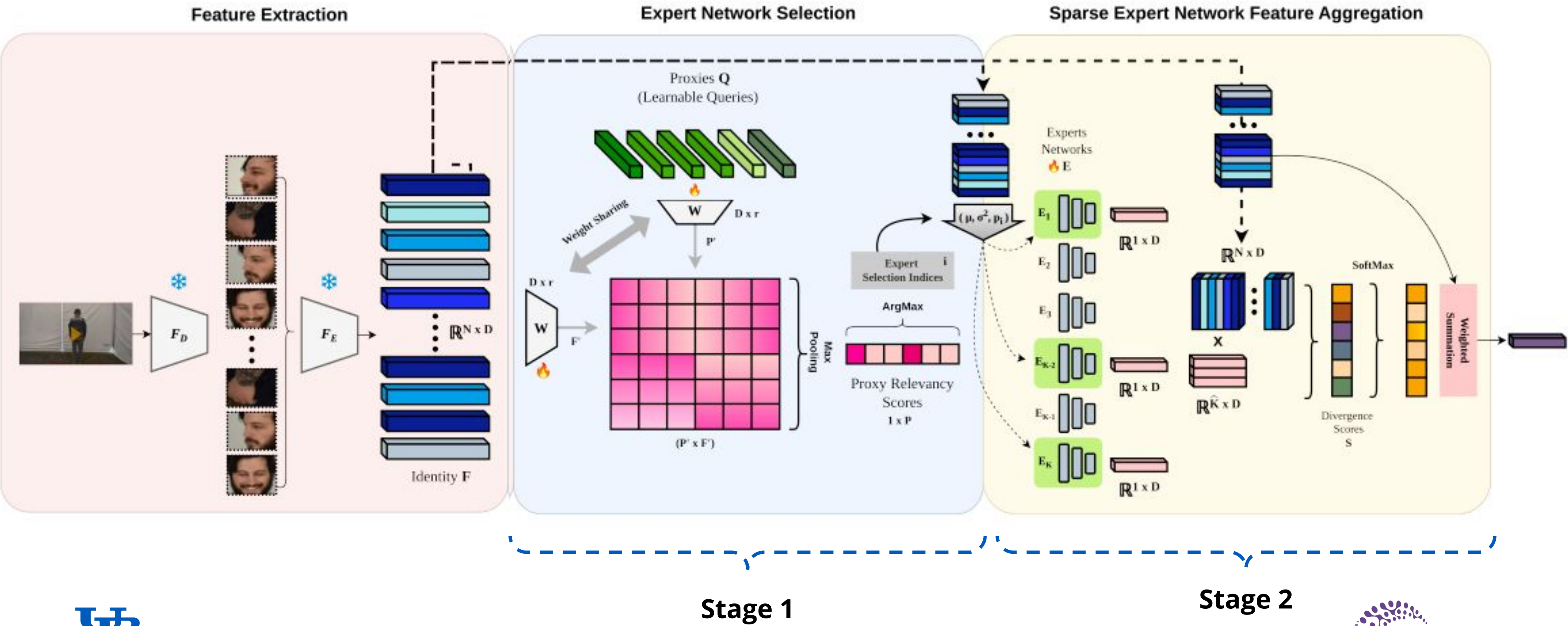
Proposed Architecture



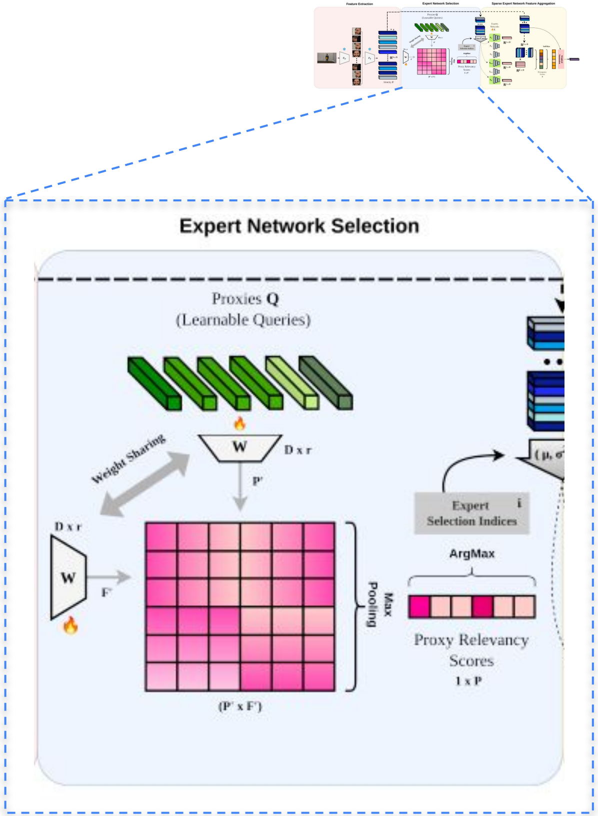


Expert Network Selection

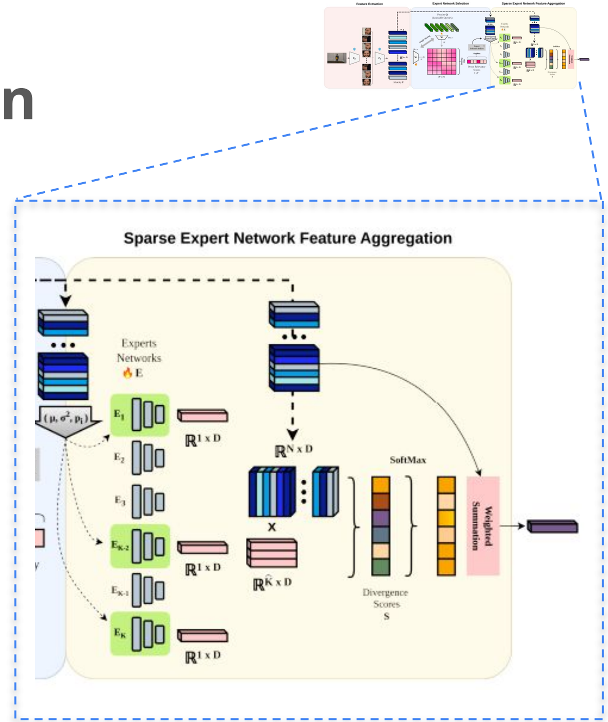
- **Learnable proxies** for latent facial attributes
- Proxy **relevancy scores** to sparsely activate expert networks

$$r_j = \sum_{i=1}^{N} (p'_j \cdot f'_i)$$

- Compute **Top-K** Indices using proxy relevance scores
- **Activate** the relevant experts



Sparse Expert Network Feature Aggregation



- **Aggregation** through selected experts
- Experts conditioned on of **mean, variance, and proxies**

$$\boldsymbol{\mu} = \frac{1}{N}\sum_{i=1}^{N} \mathbf{f}_i, \quad \boldsymbol{\sigma}^2 = \frac{1}{N}\sum_{i=1}^{N} (\mathbf{f}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu})^2$$

$$\mathbf{x}_j = [\boldsymbol{\mu} \oplus \boldsymbol{\sigma}^2 \oplus \mathbf{p}_j]$$

- The outputs of the expert networks - **set-centers**
- For each feature f in the feature set, compute the **divergence score** relative to each set center:

$$a_{ij} = \frac{\exp(\mathbf{c}_j \cdot \mathbf{f}_i)}{\sum_{k=1}^{N} \exp(\mathbf{c}_j \cdot \mathbf{f}_k)}$$

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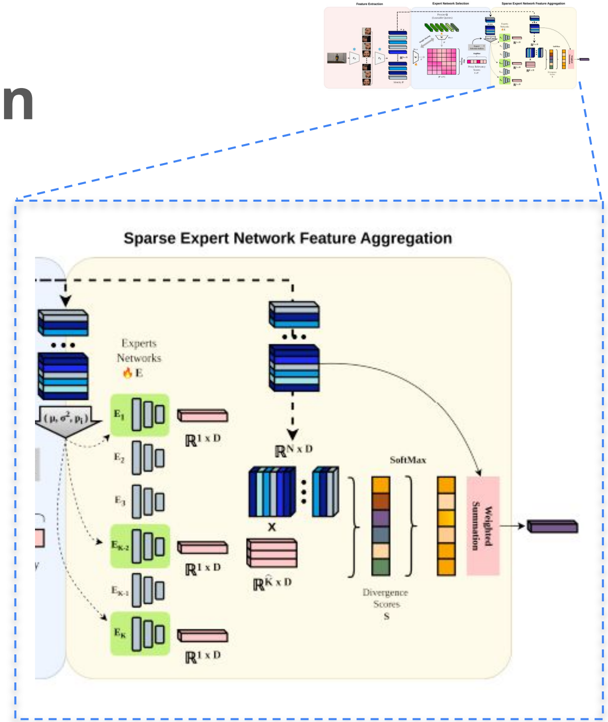
Sparse Expert Network Feature Aggregation



- Experts conditioned on mean, variance, and proxies

$$\mu = \frac{1}{N}\sum_{i=1}^{N}\mathbf{f}_i, \quad \sigma^2 = \frac{1}{N}\sum_{i=1}^{N}(\mathbf{f}_i - \mu)^2 \qquad \mathbf{x}_j = \left[\mu \bigoplus \sigma^2 \bigoplus \mathbf{p}_j\right]$$

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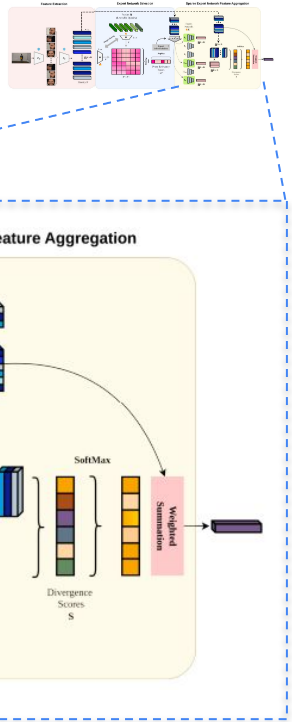
- Using the divergence scores, compute the **weighted sum of the feature vectors for each expert:**

$$\mathbf{s}_j = \sum_{i=1}^{N} a_{ij}\mathbf{f}_i$$

Sparse Expert Network Feature Aggregation



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- Using the divergence scores, compute the weighted sum of the feature vectors for each expert:

$$\mathbf{s}_j = \sum_{i=1}^{N} a_{ij} \mathbf{f}_i$$

$$\mathbf{t} = \left[\mathbf{s}_1, \mathbf{s}_2, \ldots, \mathbf{s}_{\hat{K}}\right]$$

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Optimization

- **Supervised contrastive loss** for identity matching

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{id}} = \sum_{i \in \mathcal{B}} \frac{-1}{|\mathcal{P}(i)|} \sum_{p \in \mathcal{P}(i)} \ln \frac{\exp(\mathbf{t}_i \cdot \mathbf{t}_p^\top / \tau)}{\sum_{j \in \mathcal{A}(i)} \exp(\mathbf{t}_i \cdot \mathbf{t}_j / \tau)}$$

- **Proxy loss** for decorrelation and diversity
  - K uniformly spaced equidistant vectors on the unit hypersphere

$$\mathbf{v}_i = \left(\mathbf{e}_i - \frac{1}{d}\sum_{j=1}^{d} \mathbf{e}_j\right)\sqrt{\frac{d}{d-1}},$$

$$L_{\text{Proxy}} = \frac{1}{K}\sum_{i=1}^{K}\left[\ln\left(1+\exp\left(-\alpha(s_{ii}-\lambda)\right)\right) + \frac{1}{|K-1|}\sum_{\substack{k \in K \\ k \neq i}} \ln\left(1+\exp\left(\beta(s_{ik}-\lambda)\right)\right)\right]$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{ID}} + \gamma \cdot \mathcal{L}_{\text{Proxy}}$$

Datasets

Training:

1. BRIAR Research Set 3 (BRS 3)
2. WebFace 4M

Evaluation:

1. BTS 3.1
2. DroneSURF

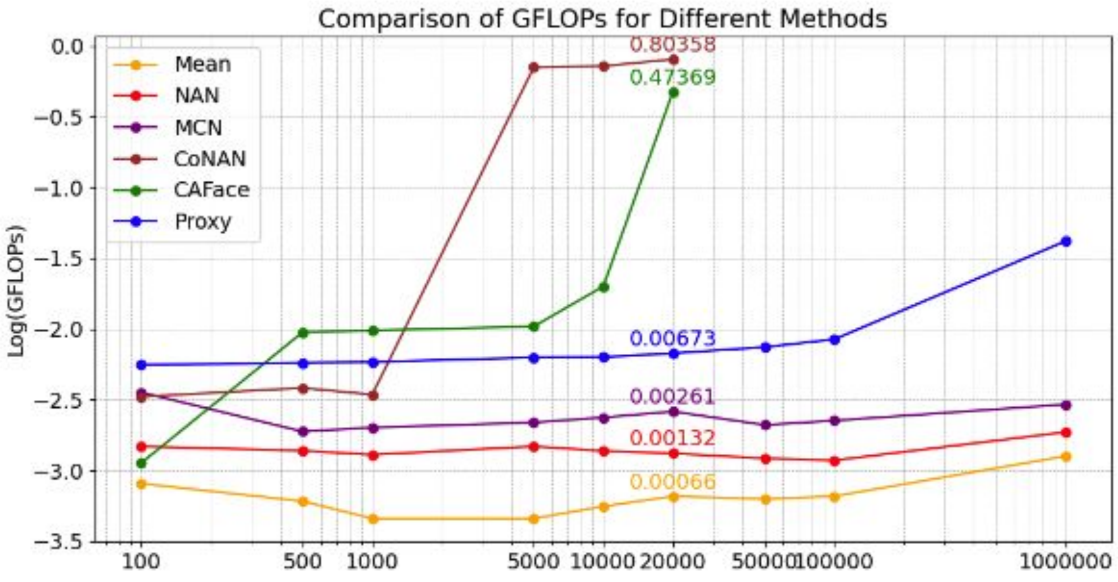
Dataset	Subjects/Identities	Media
BRS 3	170	49,429 clips/images: - 20,780 field clips
WebFace 4M	10,000	813,482 images
BTS 3.1	260 (treatment) 256 (control)	- 5,822 treatment probe videos - 1,914 control probe videos
DroneSURF	58 (34 training/validation, 24 test)	200 videos, 411,000 frames, 786,000+ face annotations

Comparison To SoTA

Verification Performance (TAR (%) @FAR=%) for face included treatment and control protocols of the BTS 3.1 dataset.

			Face Included Treatment				Face Included Control			
	Feature	Dataset	10^{-1}	10^{-2}	10^{-3}	10^{-4}	10^{-1}	10^{-2}	10^{-3}	10^{-4}
GAP [11]	Adaface [8]	Briar	76.6	58.4	43.3	32.1	98.5	94.6	88.9	81.2
NAN [20]	Adaface [8]	Briar	78.5	61.2	46.8	33.4	98.5	95.3	89.3	84.8
MCN [19]	Adaface [8]	Briar	79.4	62.9	47.3	35.9	98.5	95.9	90.7	85.7
CoNAN [5]	Adaface [8]	Briar	81.3	64.3	49.6	36.8	98.6	96.2	91.8	86.1
ProxyFusion	Adaface [8]	Briar	**83.7**	**68.9**	**53.9**	**40.1**	**98.6**	**96.8**	**92.7**	**88.3**

Inference Time



Time complexity comparison of ProxyFusion approach against SoTA. On the Y-axis we plot the Log of GFLOPs with base 10, and X axis is the number of features in the feature set N

Visualizing Learned Weights

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More Information

Codebase is available at: https://github.com/bhavinjawade/ProxyFusion

Project Page: https://bhavinjawade.github.io/proxyfusion_ub/

Reach out to:

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