

UPS: Unified Projection Sharing for Lightweight Single-Image Super-resolution and Beyond

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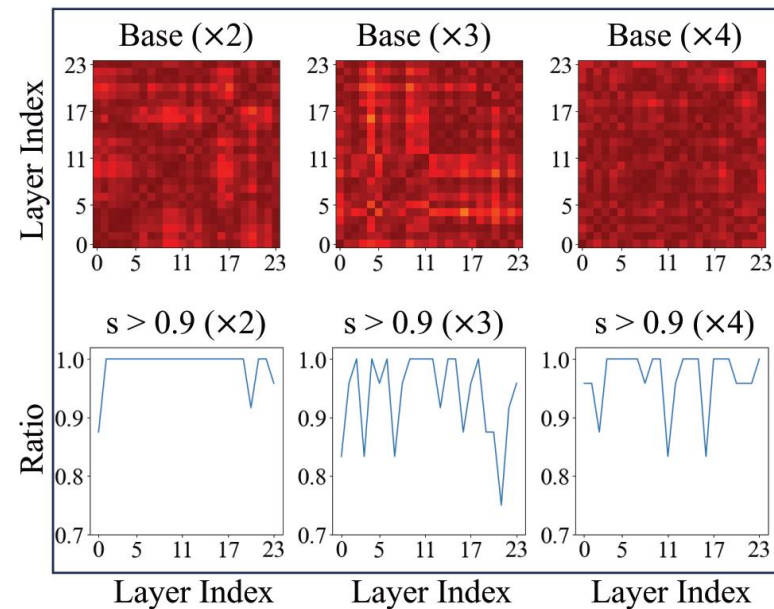


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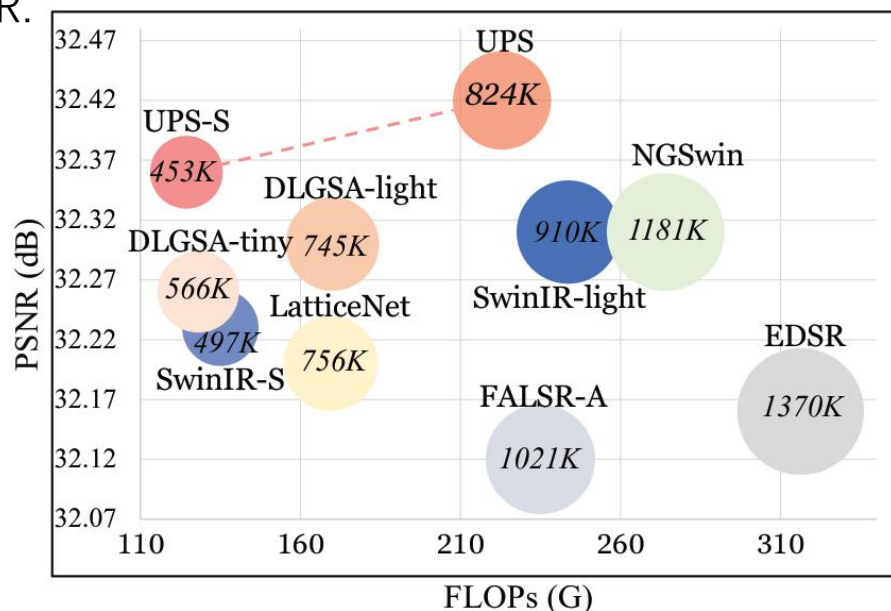
Background

- Under practical lightweight scenarios, the complex interaction of deep image feature extraction and similarity modeling limits the performance of these methods, since they require simultaneous layer-specific optimization of both two tasks.
- We observe that the SwinIR-light (termed as Base) models exhibit **significant similarities (CKA)** in projection layers.



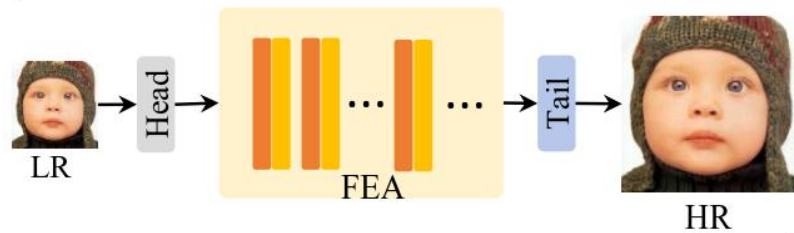
Contribution

- We propose UPS, an effective decoupled SISR optimization framework, to address the challenge of simultaneous layer-specific feature extraction and similarity modeling for lightweight SISR.
- UPS simplifies the similarity optimization process by learning a layer-invariant projection space. It leads to effective aggregation and improved performance, even with reduced model capacity and less training samples
- UPS demonstrates the good generalization ability for unseen data, such as noisy image and depth map SR.

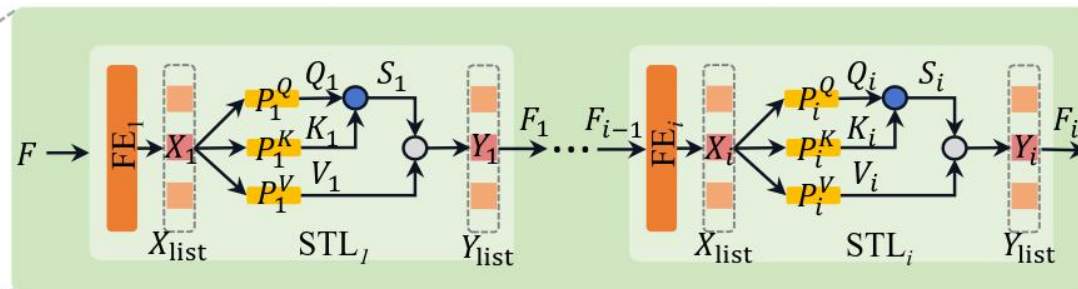
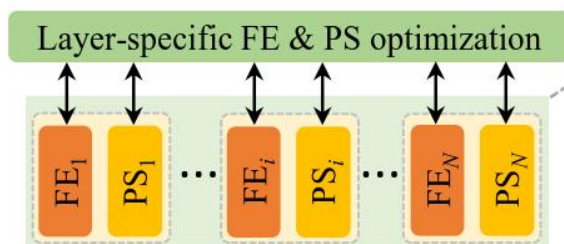


Method

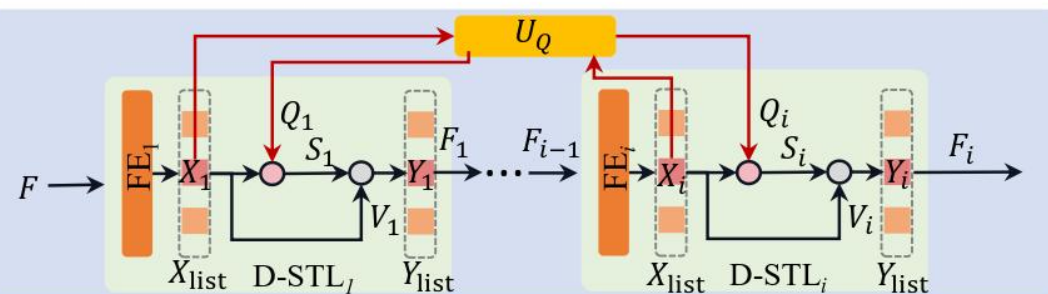
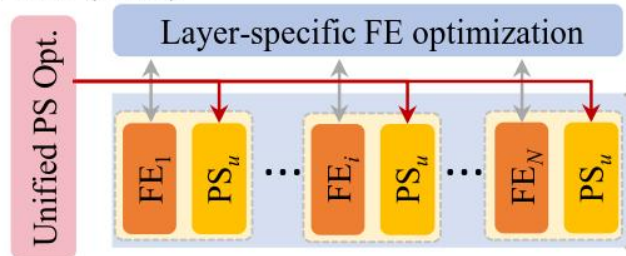
(a) General transformer-based architecture for SISR



(b) Previous Swin Transformers



(c) UPS (Ours)



- Previous Swin Transformers perform layer-specific feature extraction and projection space optimization .
- Instead, UPS adopt a global and unified projection space optimization while keeping the layer-specific FE optimization.

Algorithm Illustration

Algorithm 1 Pseudo Code of the i -th STL

- 1: **Require:** Input F_{i-1} , window size M
- 2: Feature extraction: $\hat{F}_i = \text{Conv}(F_{i-1})$
- 3: Partitioning: $X_i^{\text{list}} = \text{Partitioning}(\hat{F}_i, M)$
- 4: Define aggregated patch list: Y_i^{list}
- 5: **for** X_i **in** X_i^{list} **do**
- 6: Projection: $Q_i, K_i, V_i = X_i P_i^Q, X_i P_i^K, X_i P_i^V$
- 7: Similarity cal.: $S_i = \text{SoftMax} \left(\frac{Q_i K_i^T}{\sqrt{d}} + B_i \right)$
- 8: Aggregation: $Y_i = S_i V_i$
- 9: $Y_i^{\text{list}}.append(Y_i)$
- 10: **end for**
- 11: **return** Reshape(Y_i^{list})

Algorithm 2 Pseudo Code of the i -th Decoupled STL

- 1: **Require:** F_{i-1} , M , unified projection matrix U^Q
- 2: Feature extraction: $\hat{F}_i = \text{Conv}(F_{i-1})$
- 3: Partitioning: $X_i^{\text{list}} = \text{Partitioning}(\hat{F}_i, M)$
- 4: Define aggregated patch list: Y_i^{list}
- 5: **for** X_i **in** X_i^{list} **do**
- 6: Projection: $Q_i, V_i = X_i U^Q, X_i$
- 7: Similarity cal.: $S_i = \text{ReLU}(\text{Cosine}(Q_i, Q_i^D) + B_i)$
- 8: Aggregation: $Y_i = S_i V_i$
- 9: $Y_i^{\text{list}}.append(Y_i)$
- 10: **end for**
- 11: **return** Reshape(Y_i^{list})

- We highlighted the key difference of existing Swin-transformers and our proposed UPS.

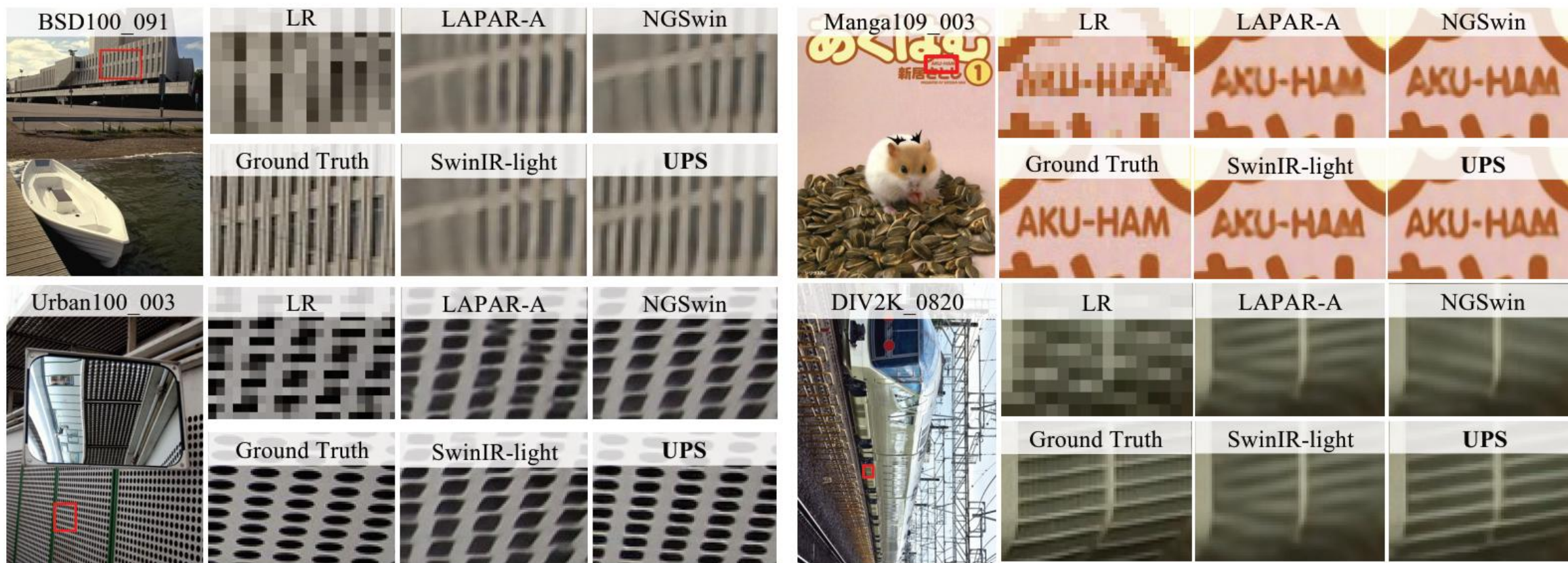
Experiments

Quantitative Comparison

Method	Scale	Parameters (K)	FLOPs (G)	Set5	Set14	BSD100	Urban100	Manga109
				PSNR / SSIM	PSNR / SSIM	PSNR / SSIM	PSNR / SSIM	PSNR / SSIM
IMDN		694	158.8	38.00 / 0.9605	33.63 / 0.9177	32.19 / 0.8996	32.17 / 0.9283	38.88 / 0.9774
RFDN-L		626	145.8	38.08 / 0.9606	33.67 / 0.9190	32.18 / 0.8996	32.24 / 0.9290	38.95 / 0.9773
SwinIR-light		910	244.4	38.14 / 0.9611	33.86 / 0.9206	32.31 / 0.9012	32.76 / 0.9340	39.12 / 0.9783
DLGSA-light	×2	745	170.0	38.20 / 0.9612	33.89 / 0.9203	32.30 / 0.9012	32.94 / 0.9355	39.29 / 0.9780
Omni-SR		772	194.5	38.22 / 0.9613	33.98 / 0.9210	32.36 / 0.9020	33.05 / 0.9363	39.28 / 0.9784
UPS		824	162.5	38.26 / 0.9642	34.16 / 0.9232	32.42 / 0.9031	33.08 / 0.9373	39.62 / 0.9800
SwinIR-S	×2	497	107.3	38.06 / 0.9603	33.80 / 0.9186	32.23 / 0.9006	32.24 / 0.9301	38.76 / 0.9778
UPS-S	×2	453	90.6	38.16 / 0.9638	34.00 / 0.9220	32.36 / 0.9023	32.79 / 0.9346	39.26 / 0.9790
Omni-SR+	×2	772	194.5	38.29 / 0.9617	34.27 / 0.9238	32.41 / 0.9026	33.30 / 0.9386	39.53 / 0.9792
UPS+	×2	824	162.5	38.31 / 0.9643	34.37 / 0.9247	32.43 / 0.9032	33.34 / 0.9388	39.80 / 0.9802
<hr/>								
IMDN		703	71.5	34.36 / 0.9270	30.32 / 0.8417	29.09 / 0.8046	28.17 / 0.8519	33.61 / 0.9445
RFDN-L		633	65.6	34.47 / 0.9280	30.35 / 0.8421	29.11 / 0.8053	28.32 / 0.8547	33.78 / 0.9458
SwinIR-light		918	110.8	34.62 / 0.9289	30.54 / 0.8463	29.20 / 0.8082	28.66 / 0.8624	33.98 / 0.9478
DLGSA-light	×3	752	75.4	34.70 / 0.9295	30.58 / 0.8465	29.24 / 0.8089	28.83 / 0.8653	34.16 / 0.9483
Omni-SR		780	88.4	34.70 / 0.9294	30.57 / 0.8469	29.28 / 0.8094	28.84 / 0.8656	34.22 / 0.9487
UPS		832	72.4	34.66 / 0.9322	30.72 / 0.8489	29.31 / 0.8114	28.98 / 0.8685	34.53 / 0.9505
SwinIR-S	×3	503	47.9	34.38 / 0.9281	30.46 / 0.8448	29.15 / 0.8073	28.37 / 0.8572	33.77 / 0.9464
UPS-S	×3	459	40.4	34.53 / 0.9312	30.55 / 0.8463	29.24 / 0.8093	28.60 / 0.8614	34.12 / 0.9484
Omni-SR+	×3	780	88.4	34.77 / 0.9304	30.70 / 0.8489	29.33 / 0.8111	29.12 / 0.8712	34.64 / 0.9507
UPS+	×3	832	72.4	34.78 / 0.9325	30.78 / 0.8492	29.36 / 0.8122	29.28 / 0.8728	34.84 / 0.9517
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IMDN		715	40.9	32.21 / 0.8948	28.58 / 0.7811	27.56 / 0.7353	26.04 / 0.7838	30.45 / 0.9075
RFDN-L		643	37.4	32.28 / 0.8957	28.61 / 0.7818	27.58 / 0.7363	26.20 / 0.7883	30.61 / 0.9096
SwinIR-light		930	63.6	32.44 / 0.8976	28.77 / 0.7858	27.69 / 0.7406	26.47 / 0.7980	30.92 / 0.9151
DLGSA-light	×4	761	42.5	32.54 / 0.8993	28.84 / 0.7871	27.73 / 0.7415	26.66 / 0.8033	31.13 / 0.9161
Omni-SR		792	50.9	32.49 / 0.8988	28.78 / 0.7859	27.71 / 0.7415	26.64 / 0.8018	31.02 / 0.9151
UPS		843	41.3	32.50 / 0.9024	28.90 / 0.7892	27.79 / 0.7435	26.83 / 0.8073	31.39 / 0.9194
SwinIR-S	×4	512	27.3	32.14 / 0.8955	28.67 / 0.7832	27.63 / 0.7382	26.22 / 0.7906	30.68 / 0.9111
UPS-S	×4	468	23.0	32.41 / 0.9008	28.80 / 0.7863	27.73 / 0.7414	26.58 / 0.7995	31.13 / 0.9163
Omni-SR+	×4	792	50.9	32.57 / 0.8993	28.95 / 0.7898	27.81 / 0.7439	26.95 / 0.8105	31.50 / 0.9192
UPS+	×4	843	41.3	32.60 / 0.9029	28.97 / 0.7896	27.83 / 0.7446	27.10 / 0.8136	31.79 / 0.9223

Experiments

Qualitative Comparison


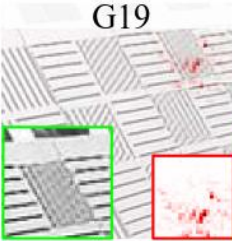
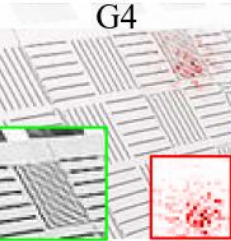
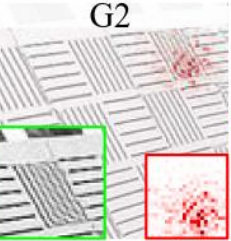
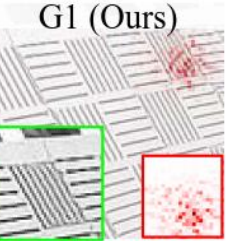


Experiments

Ablation Studies

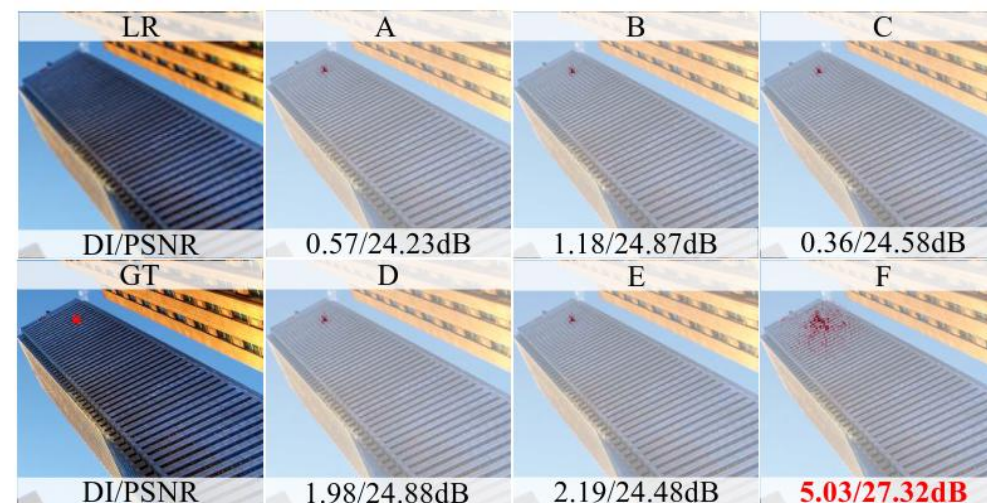
- Analysis of several UPS-S models with different projection groups

Proj. Group	G19	G4	G2	G1 (Ours)
PSNR (dB)	33.63	33.91	33.97	34.00
SSIM	0.9186	0.9205	0.9216	0.9220

Ground Truth	G19	G4	G2	G1 (Ours)
				
DI/PSNR	5.55/16.25dB	6.16/20.46dB	6.19/20.84dB	6.58/20.97dB

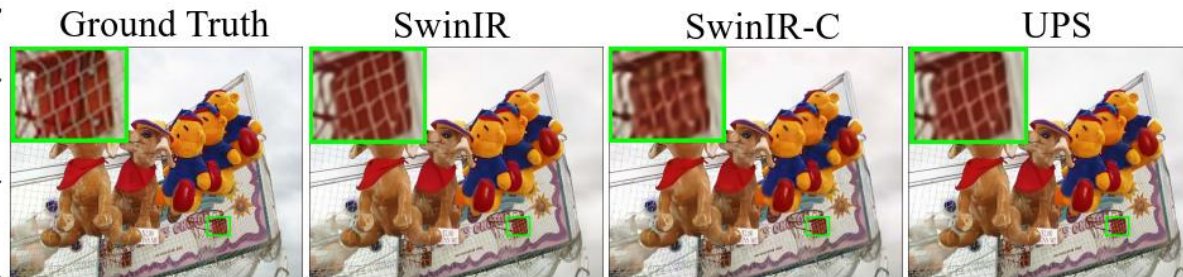
- Impact of different similarity calculation methods

	Matrix dot	Cosine	SoftMax	ReLU	PSNR/SSIM
A	✓				33.60/0.9192
B	✓		✓		33.84/0.9202
C	✓			✓	33.41/0.9169
D		✓			33.61/0.9208
E		✓	✓		33.73/0.9194
F		✓		✓	34.00/0.9220



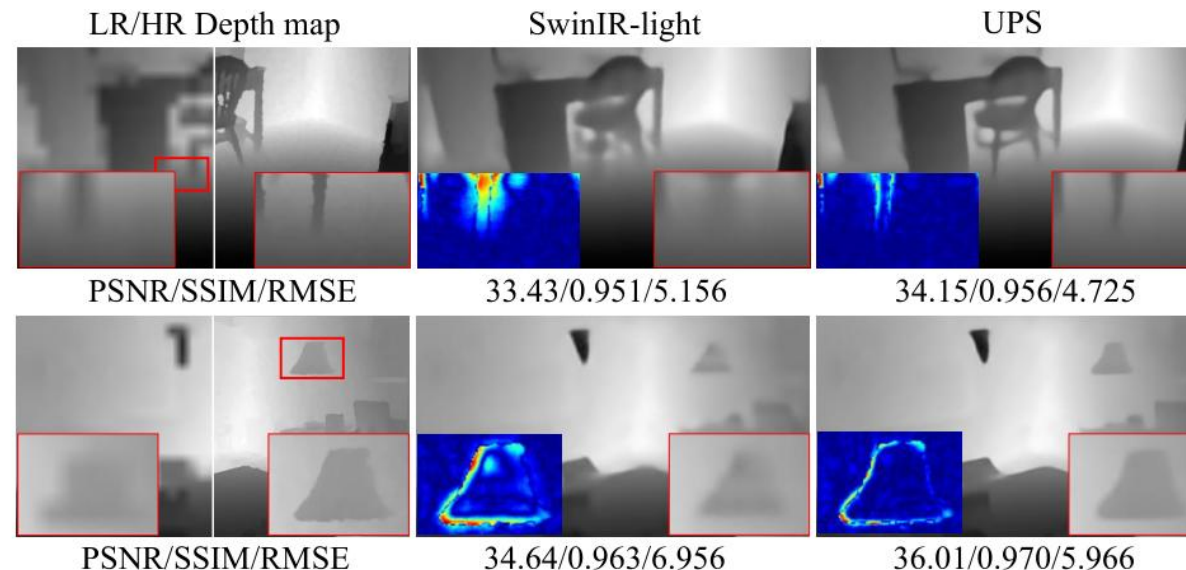
- Extension on other image restoration problems (Denoising)

Tasks	Metrics	SwinIR	SwinIR-C	UPS
Deblocking $q = 40$	PSNR	29.86	29.63	29.98
	Param.	11.50M	3.89M	3.49M
Denoising $\sigma = 50$	PSNR	28.56	28.20	28.37
	Param.	11.50M	0.959M	0.873M



- Generalization comparison between baseline model and UPS (Depth Map SR)

Settings	Metrics	SwinIR-light	UPS
$\times 4$	PSNR	47.25	47.79
	SSIM	0.994	0.995
	RMSE	2.339	2.198
$\times 16$	PSNR	37.25	37.98
	SSIM	0.969	0.972
	RMSE	7.832	7.236



Thank You

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