



Egocentric Planning for Scalable Embodied Task Achievement

Xiaotian Liu^{1,2}, Hector Palacios², Christian Muise³

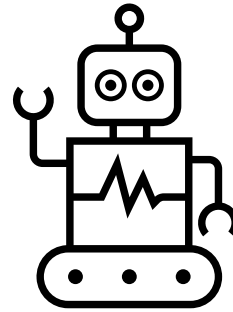
1. University of Toronto 2. ServiceNow Research 3. Queen's University



Embodied Instruction Following (EIF)

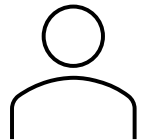


Visual Observation



Action Sequence

Put a chilled mug
in a cabinet.



Language Instruction

ALFRED Benchmark

Goal: "Rinse off a mug and place it in the coffee maker"

The sequence of actions is as follows:

- 1** "walk to the coffee maker on the right" ($t=0$, visual navigation)
- 2** "pick up the dirty mug from the coffee maker" ($t=10$, object interaction)
- 3** "turn and walk to the sink" ($t=21$, visual navigation)
- 4** "wash the mug in the sink" ($t=27$, object interaction, state changes)
- 5** "pick up the mug and go back to the coffee maker" ($t=36$, visual navigation, memory)
- 6** "put the clean mug in the coffee maker" ($t=50$, object interaction)

Challenges for EIF

- Language/visual grounding
- Partially observable environment
- Long horizon/Sparse Reward

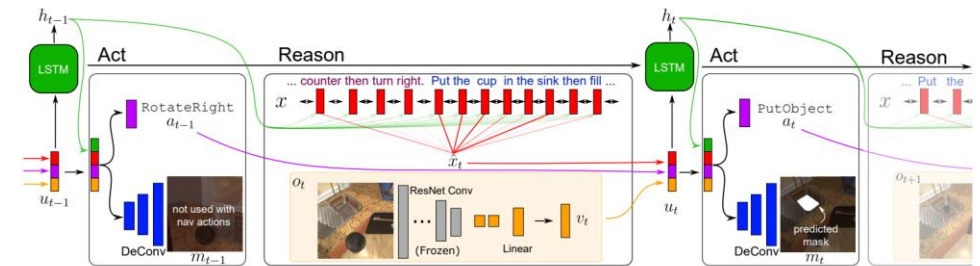
Approach

- End-to-end neural approach

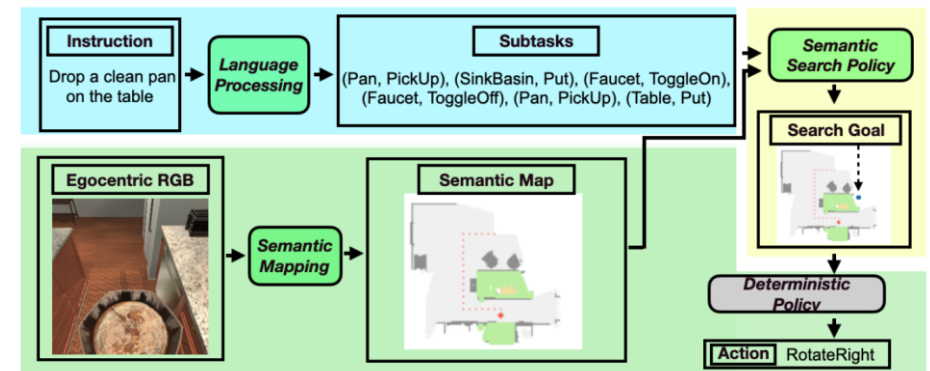
- Minimal human knowledge
- Computation/Sample inefficient
- Performance degradation for long horizon

- Hybrid neural-symbolic approach

- Better performance
- Modularity
- Human modeling
- Fixed policy



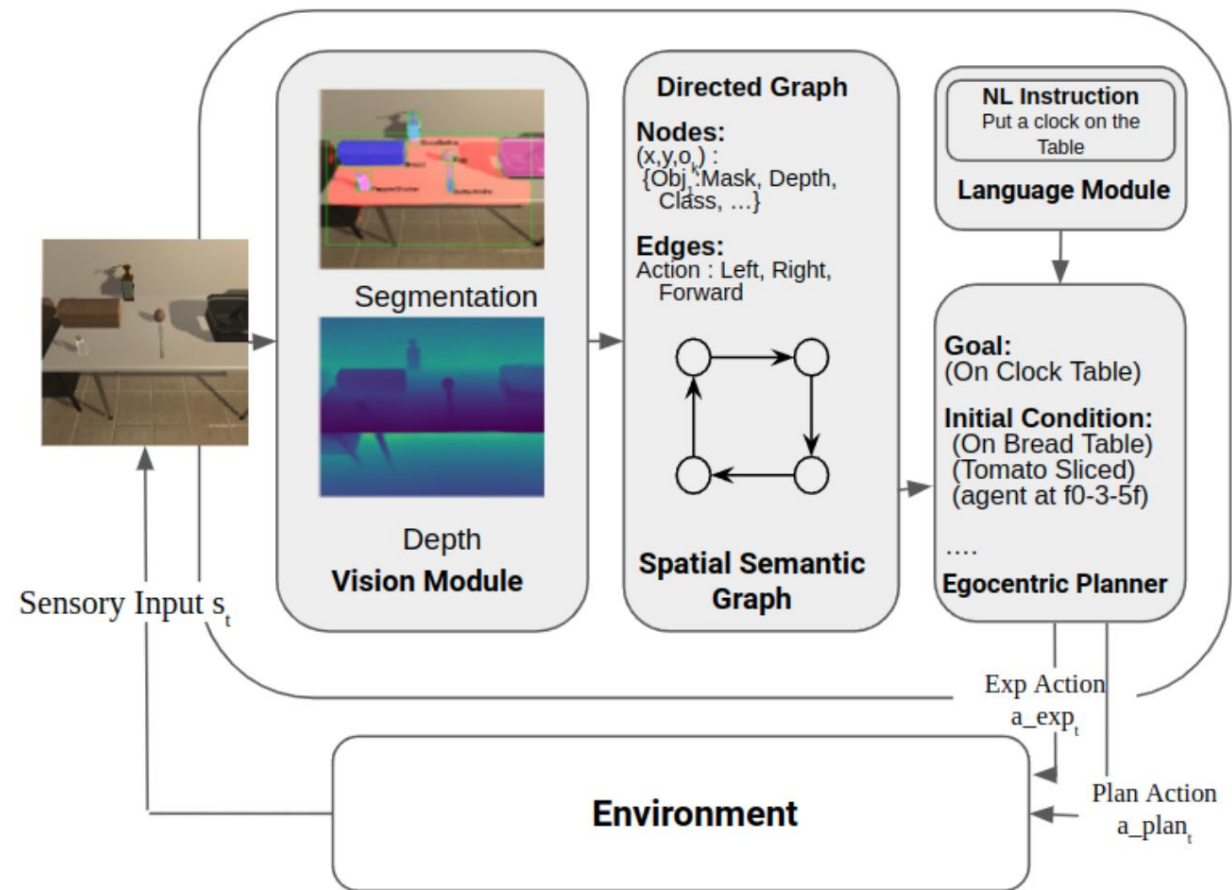
ALFRED: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1912.01734.pdf>



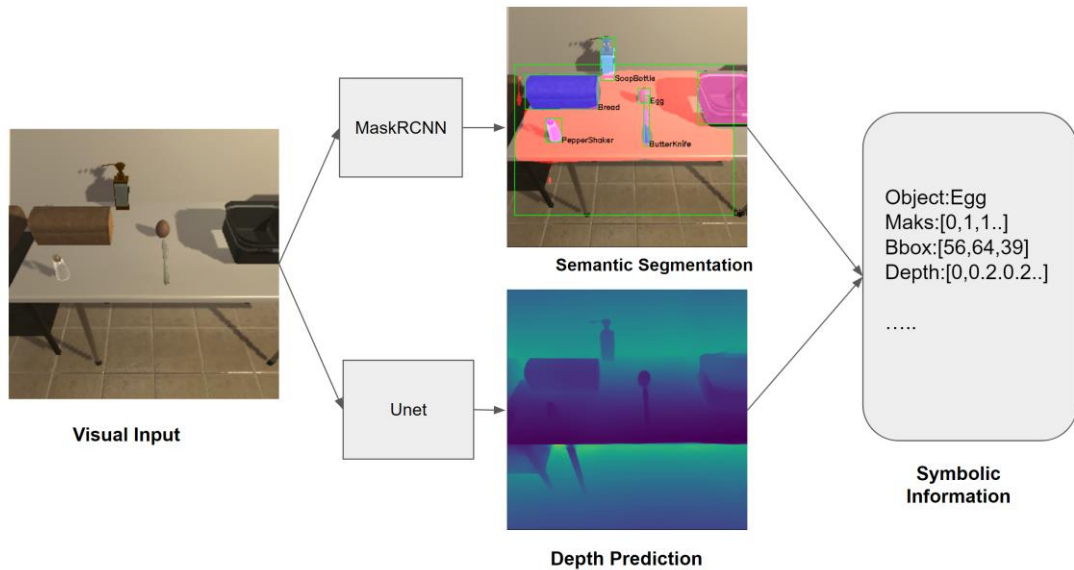
FILM: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2110.07342.pdf>

Approach

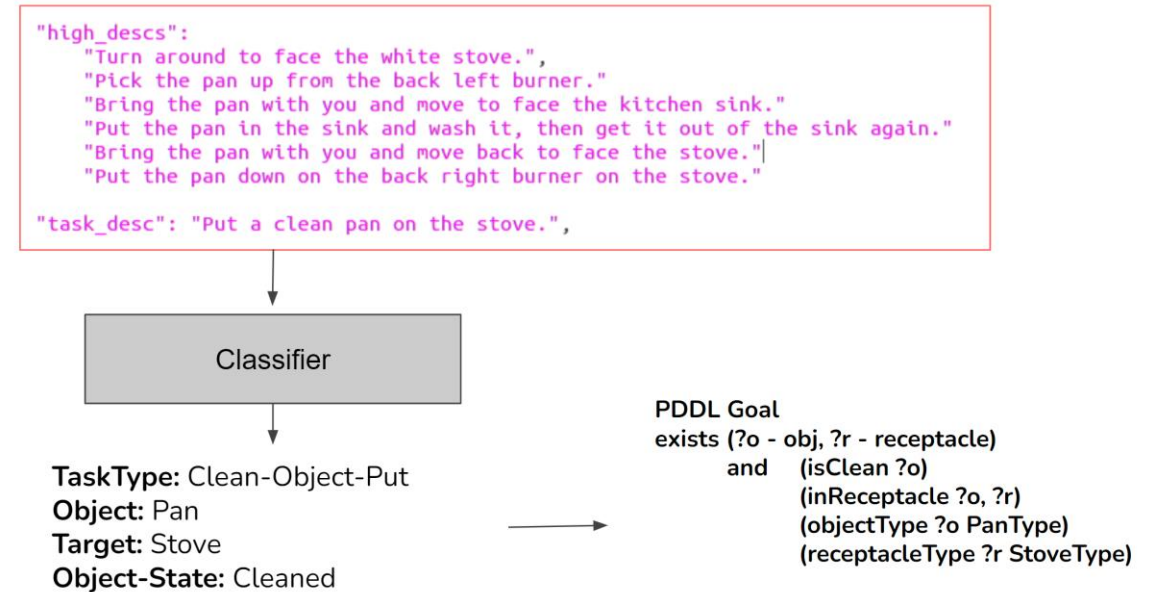
- Reasoning via AI planning problem
- Egocentric Planning
 - Handles unknown environmental observations
 - Works with off-shell planner
 - Robust to observation errors and action failures
- Zero-shot generalization to new task types



Perception Modules

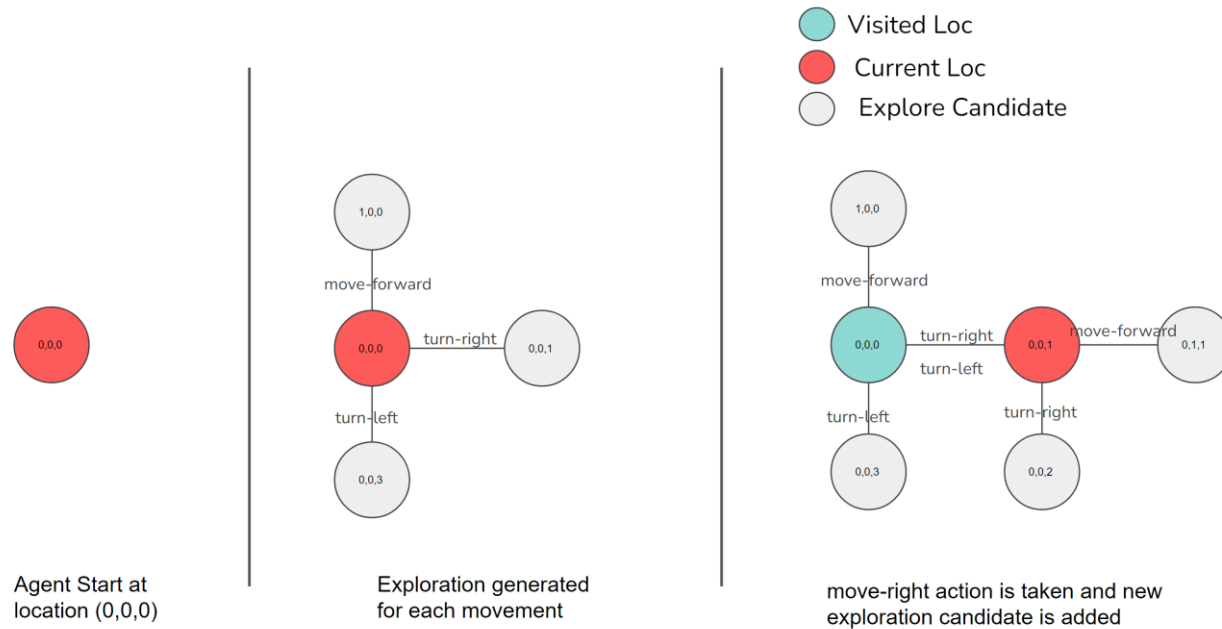


Visual Perception



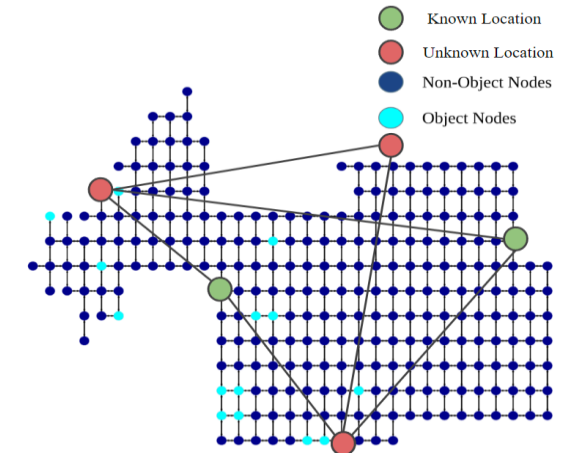
Goal Extraction

Semantic Location Graph



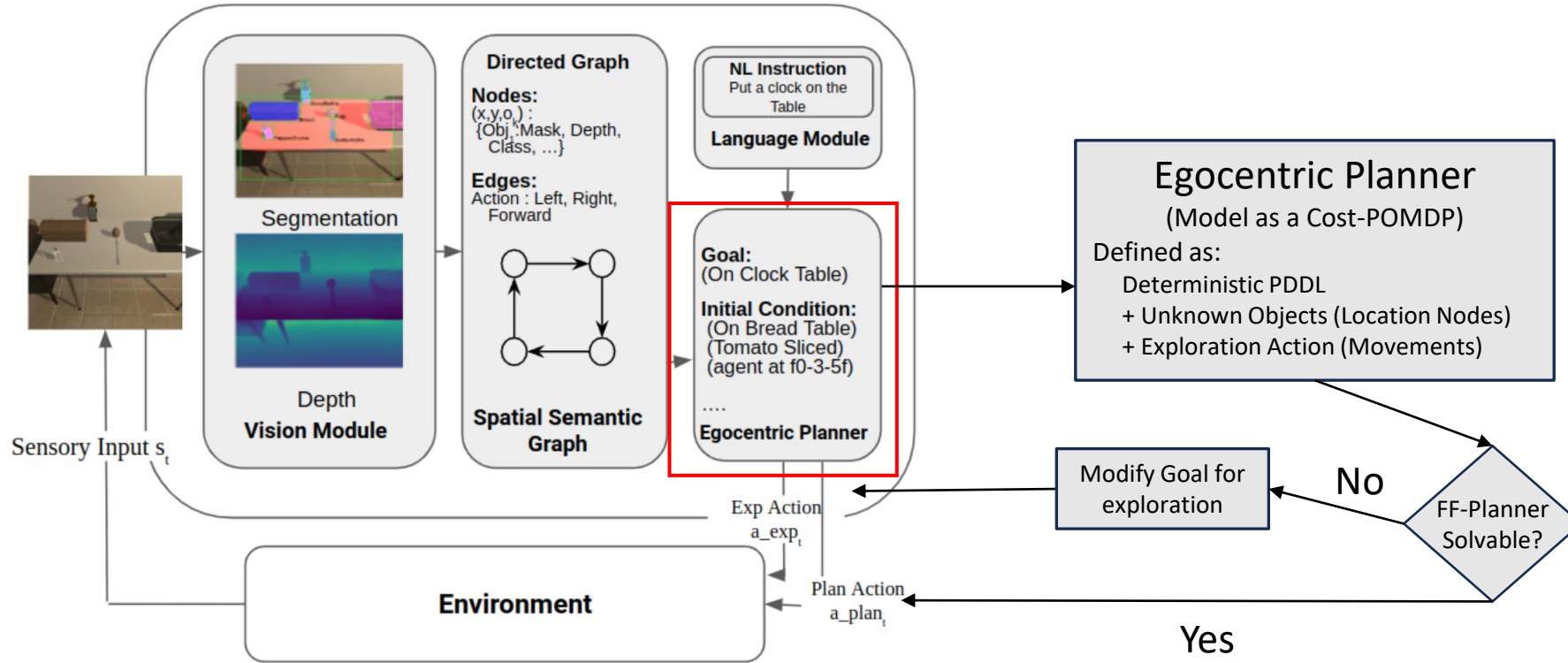
Node Information:

1. Depth Mask
 2. Segmentation Masks
 3. Object Information
- {'Object_1':
{'Type': 'TableType'
Average Pixel Dist:
0.75
Mask: [[0,0,1...]....],
Status: {'TogOn:False,
..}}



*Initial 500 random Exploration to generate exploration candidate

Egocentric Planning



Algorithm 1

Iterative Exploration Replanning (IER)

Input: Environment $\langle A_{\mathcal{E}}, \mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{E}}, \mathcal{V}_{\mathcal{E}}, \text{reset}, \text{step} \rangle$

Input: Planning domain $\mathcal{PD} = \langle \mathcal{T}, \mathcal{V}, \mathcal{P}, \mathcal{A}, \Phi \rangle$

Input: Anchor Types & Exploration Acts $\langle \mathcal{T}_a, \mathcal{X} \rangle$

Input: Mental state Init & Update $\langle M_I^{\mathcal{PD}}, M_U^{\mathcal{PD}} \rangle$

Input: Task $\langle I_{\mathcal{E}}, G_{\mathcal{E}} \rangle$

Output: Successful trace τ or Failure

1: $p \leftarrow \text{reset}(I_{\mathcal{E}}, G_{\mathcal{E}})$ \triangleright Initial perception

2: $\mathcal{O}, I, G \leftarrow M_I^{\mathcal{PD}}(p, I_{\mathcal{E}}, G_{\mathcal{E}})$

3: $\mathcal{C} \leftarrow \{o' \mid \text{type}(o') \in \mathcal{T}_a \text{ and } o' \text{ occurs in } I\}$

$\triangleright \mathcal{C}$: Observed Anchor Objects

4: $\tau, \text{solved} \leftarrow [], \text{False}$

5: **while** not solved **do**

6: $\pi_{\text{solve}} \leftarrow \text{Solve}(\langle \mathcal{PD}, \mathcal{O}, I, G \rangle)$

7: **if** π_{solve} is None **then**

8: $\mathcal{A}_e \leftarrow \mathcal{A}$

9: **for** $o \in \mathcal{O}$ and $\text{type}(o) \in \mathcal{T}_a$ **do**

10: **if** $o \notin \mathcal{C}$ **then**

11: $I \leftarrow I \cup \{(\text{unknown } o)\}$

12: **if** $(\text{unknown } o) \in I$ **then**

13: $\mathcal{A}_e \leftarrow \mathcal{A}_e \cup \{\text{ExploreAct}(a, o)$
for $a \in \mathcal{X}\}$

14: $G_e \leftarrow \{(\text{explored})\}$

15: $\pi_{\text{explore}} \leftarrow$

$\text{Solve}(\langle \mathcal{PD} \text{ with } \mathcal{A}_e, \mathcal{O}, I, G_e \rangle)$

16: **return** Failure **if** π_{explore} is None

17: **for** $a \in \pi_{\text{explore}}$ **do**

18: $p, c \leftarrow \text{step}(a)$

19: **Break** **if** failed $\in p$

20: $\tau.\text{append}(a)$

21: $\mathcal{O}, I \leftarrow M_U^{\mathcal{PD}}(\mathcal{O}, I, a, p, c)$

22: **if** $a \in \mathcal{X}$ **then**

23: $\mathcal{C} \leftarrow \mathcal{C} \cup \{o' \mid \text{type}(o') \in \mathcal{T}_a$
and o' argument of $a\}$

24: **else**

25: **for** $a \in \pi_{\text{solve}}$ **do**

26: $p, c \leftarrow \text{step}(a)$

27: **Break** **if** failed $\in p$

28: $\tau.\text{append}(a)$

29: $\mathcal{O}, I \leftarrow M_U^{\mathcal{PD}}(\mathcal{O}, I, a, p, c)$

30: $\text{solved} \leftarrow \text{True}$ **if** I satisfies G

31: **return** τ

Results

	Test Seen				Test Unseen			
	SR	GC	PLWSR	PLWGC	SR	GC	PLWSR	PLWGC
Seq2Seq	3.98	9.42	2.02	6.27	0.39	7.03	0.08	4.26
ET	38.42	45.44	27.78	34.93	8.57	18.56	4.1	11.46
HLSTM	25.11	35.15	10.39	14.17	24.46	34.75	9.67	13.13
FILM	28.83	39.55	11.27	15.59	27.8	38.52	11.32	15.13
LGS-RPA	40.05	48.66	21.28	28.97	35.41	45.24	15.68	22.76
EPA	39.96	44.14	2.56	3.47	36.07	39.54	2.92	3.91

Future Work

- More open-world Setting:
 - Unknown relationships
 - Unknown object types
- Integration with SLAM maps and 3D voxels
- Learned exploration policy based on objects/location
- LLM integration:
 - Generate knowledge base
 - Commonsense guided action

Thank You!