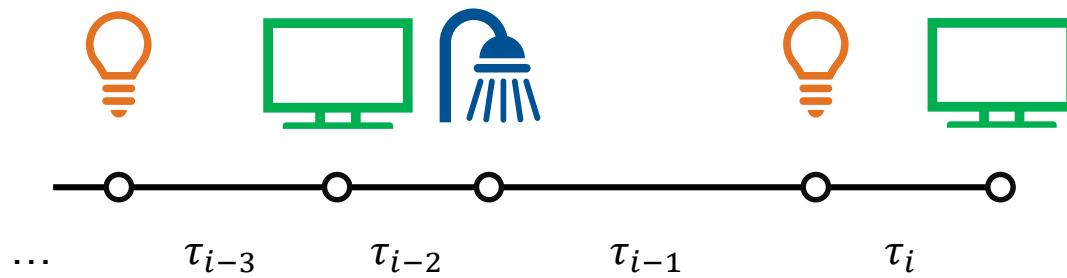


# Uncertainty on Asynchronous Time Event Prediction

**Marin Biloš\*** • Bertrand Charpentier\* • Stephan Günnemann

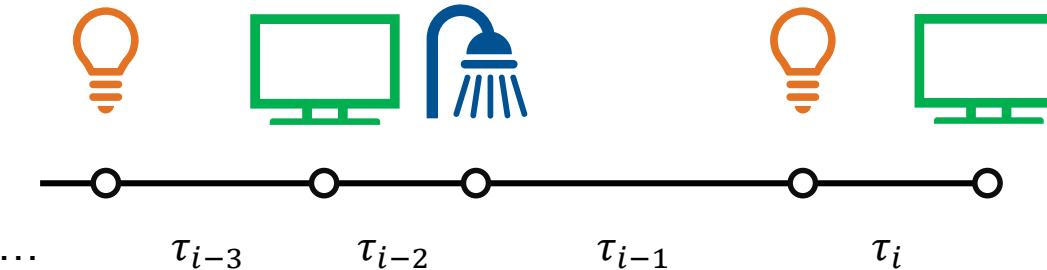
## Setting – Discrete events in asynchronous time



**What is the next interaction?**

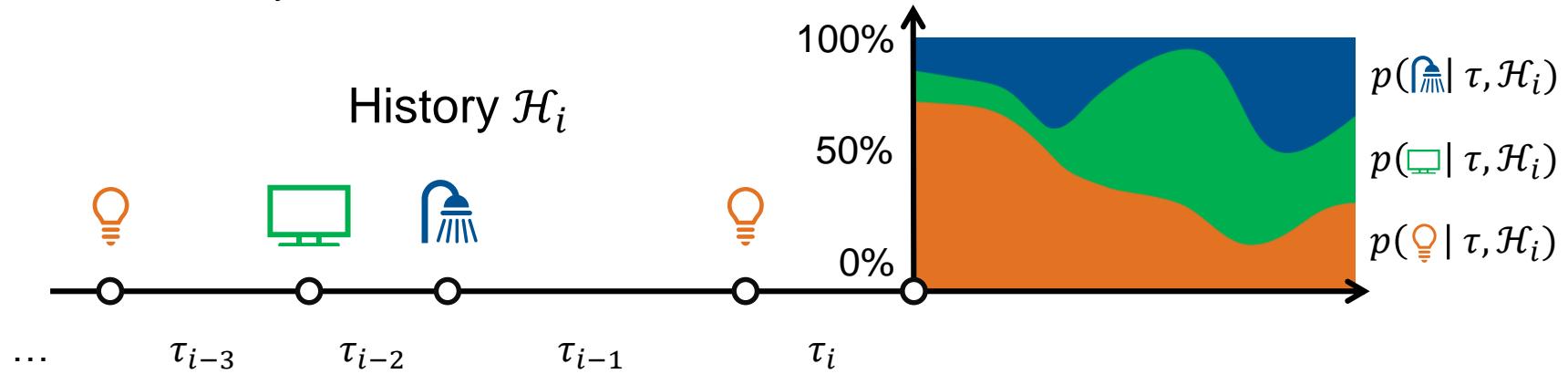
- Smart house
  - Lightbulb icon Lights
  - Television icon TV
  - Shower head icon Shower
- Social networks
- Medical records
- Cars

## Setting – Discrete events in asynchronous time

- Two main challenges
    1. Complex evolution
    2. Uncertainty in prediction
  - Smart house
    -  Lights
    -  TV
    -  Shower
  - Social networks
  - Medical records
  - Cars
- 
- What is the next interaction?

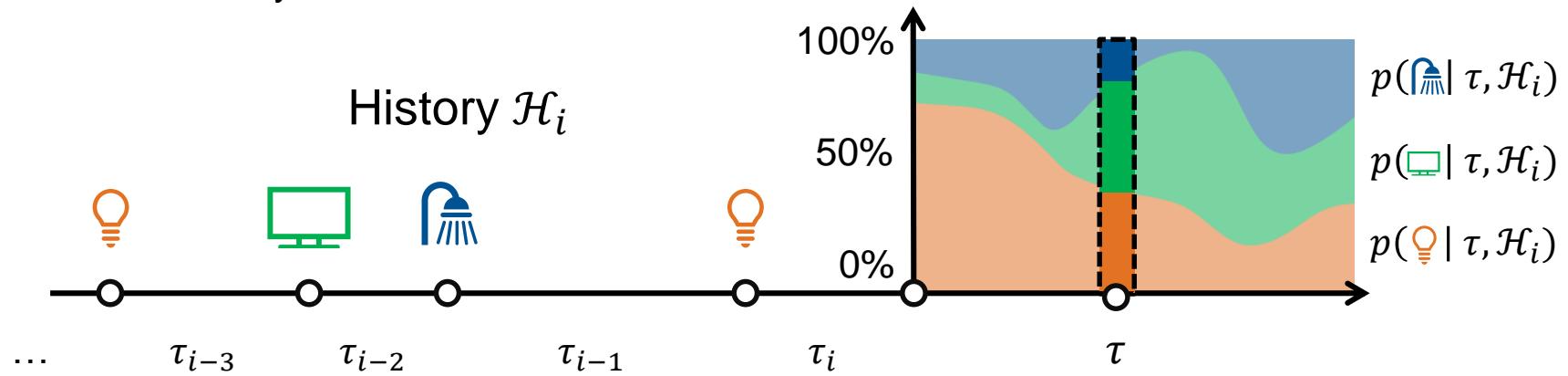
## Challenge 1 – Complex evolution of $p$ over (continuous) time

- Evolution of categorical distribution
- Multimodality



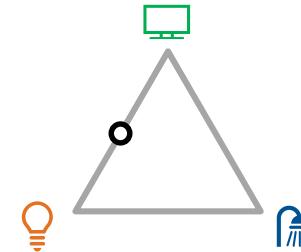
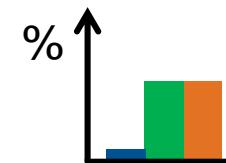
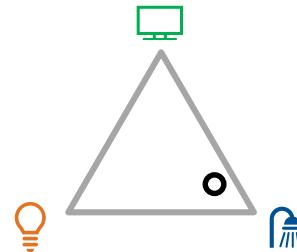
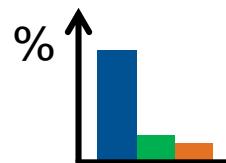
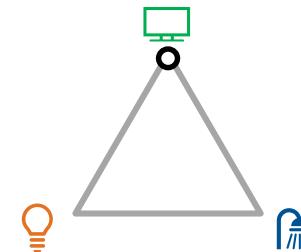
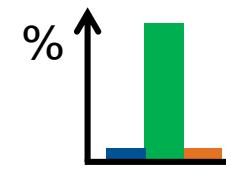
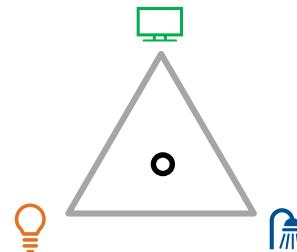
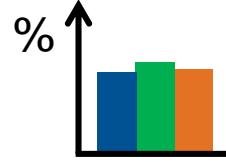
## Challenge 1 – Complex evolution of $p$ over (continuous) time

- Evolution of categorical distribution
- Multimodality

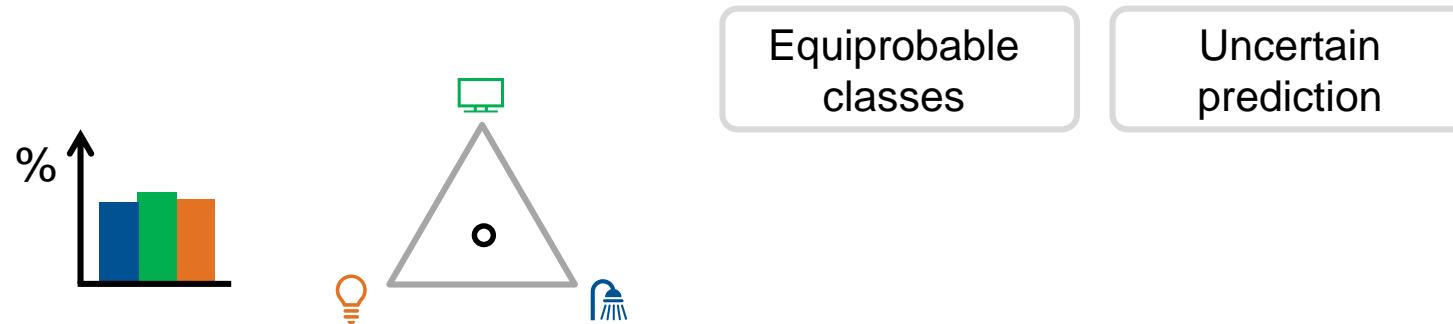


## Challenge 2 – Uncertainty in prediction

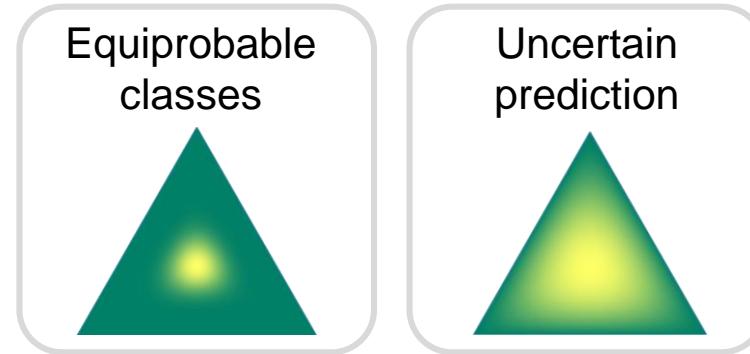
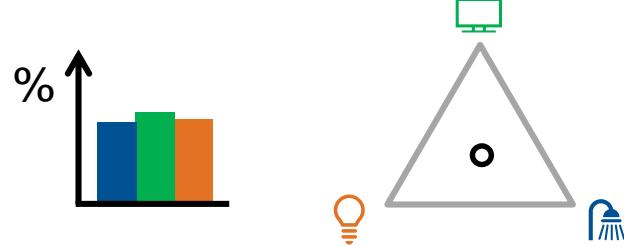
- In classical approaches uncertainty is ignored



## Challenge 2 – Uncertainty in prediction

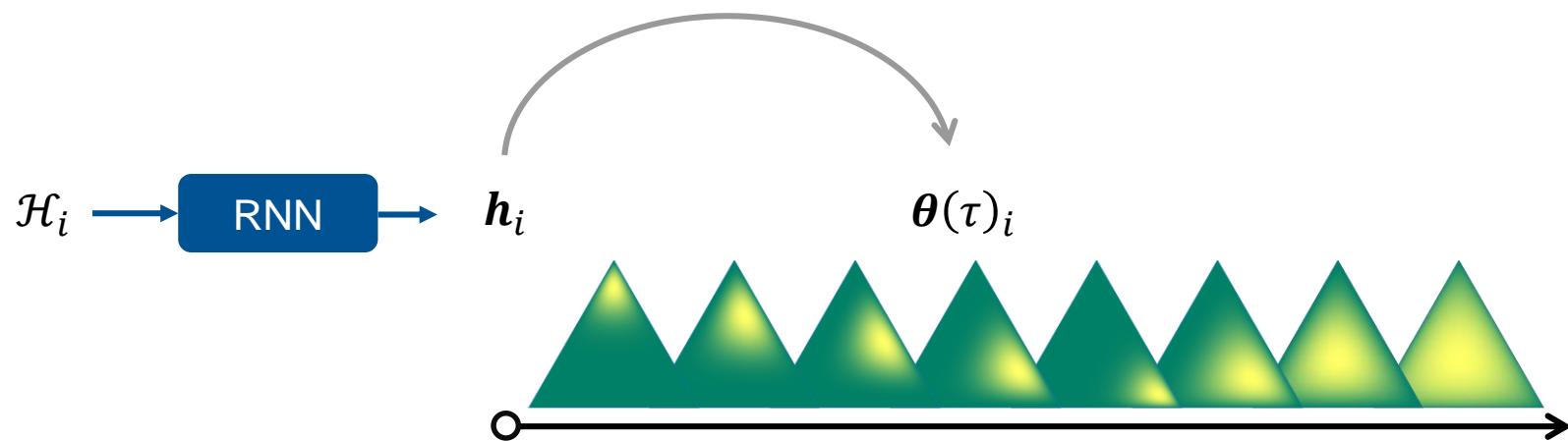


## Challenge 2 – Uncertainty in prediction



- We distinguish between two scenarios
- Instead of outputting one vector → Distribution over the simplex

## Our approach – Continuously evolving distribution over the simplex

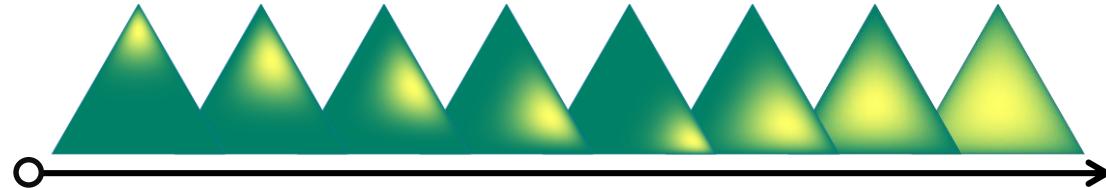


## Our approach – Continuously evolving distribution over the simplex

**Model 1** – *Dirichlet distribution\** parameters evolve with *basis function decomposition\**

**Model 2** – *Logistic-normal\** parameters evolve with a *weighted Gaussian process\**

\* *Technical details during poster session*



# Complex evolution + Uncertainty in prediction

- State-of-the-art results
  - Event prediction
  - Anomaly detection



Poster

Wednesday 10:45 – 12:45

East Exhibition Hall B + C #53



Code & Paper

[www.daml.in.tum.de/uncertainty-event-prediction](http://www.daml.in.tum.de/uncertainty-event-prediction)

